

Hospitality & Tourism Career Cluster

1. Describe the key components of marketing and promoting hospitality and tourism products and services.

<u>HT 1.1:</u> Demonstrate knowledge of marketing techniques commonly used in the hospitality and tourism industry to sell a product or service.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify the elements of marketing.*
- Compare/contrast different marketing packets.
- Develop strategies for making a sale.

<u>HT 1.2:</u> Identify effects of the economy on the hospitality and tourism industry to effectively plan products and services.

Sample Indicators:

- *Describe how economics applies to the hospitality and tourism industry.*
- *Discuss the importance of the hospitality and tourism industry to the U.S. economy.*
- Explain the effects that supply and demand have on the hospitality and tourism industry.
- 2. Evaluate the nature and scope of the Hospitality & Tourism Career Cluster and the role of hospitality and tourism in society and the economy.

<u>HT 2.1:</u> Identify management styles within a variety of organizational structures. *Sample Indicators:*

- Define industry management terms including yield, yield management, no-show, discount inventory control, overbooking and spoilage.
- Compare/contrast management of different organizational structures including independently owned, chain-affiliated and corporations in the industry.

<u>HT 2.2</u>: Trace the development of the hospitality and tourism industry to understand the overall structure.

Sample Indicators:

- Discuss the current trends in society and how they affect hospitality and tourism.
- 3. Demonstrate hospitality and tourism customer service skills that meet customers' needs.

HT 3.1: Use customer comments to guide customer satisfaction policies.

- Assess the importance of customer satisfaction.
- Devise strategies for maximizing customer satisfaction.
- Role-play customer dissatisfaction scenarios.



<u>HT 3.2:</u> Integrate the principles of customer service to positively impact organizational performance. *Sample Indicators:*

• Describe how customer service affects a company's bottom line.

<u>HT 3.3:</u> Identify and compare services and products from related industries to understand how they affect hospitality and tourism products and services. *Sample Indicators:*

- No Sample Indicators.
- 4. Describe employee rights and responsibilities and employers' obligations concerning occupational health and safety in the hospitality and tourism workplace.

<u>HT 4.1:</u> State the rationale for rules and laws designed to promote safety and health in the workplace. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify key rights of employees related to occupational safety and health.*
- *Identify the responsibilities of employers related to occupational safety and health.*
- Explain the role of government agencies in providing a safe workplace.
- Illustrate compliance with OSHA safety regulations and practices.

HT 4.2: Assess workplace conditions with regard to safety and health.

Sample Indicators:

- Follow industry standards to comply with safety regulations and practices.
- Review safety and sanitation procedures applicable to the workplace.

<u>HT 4.3:</u> Demonstrate application of legal policies to comply with laws regarding hiring, harassment and safety issues.

Sample Indicators:

- No Sample Indicators.
- 5. Identify potential, real and perceived hazards and emergency situations and determine the appropriate safety and security measures in the hospitality and tourism workplace.

<u>HT 5.1:</u> Outline safety and security issues for individuals and groups to minimize risks. *Sample Indicators:*

- Create a solution to guest/customer exposure to a health hazard.
- *Identify ways to manage guests/customers facing a threat.*
- *Identify ways to prevent common safety hazards.*
- Develop and role play mock emergency situations.
- Create a plan of action to manage guests with special needs (disabilities, handicap accessibility, etc.).



<u>HT 5.2:</u> Identify resources to utilize in various emergency situations for self, co-workers and guests/customers.

Sample Indicators:

- Detail steps to use in medical emergencies.
- List resources for assistance with environmental issues.
- Name the resources for assistance in crimes or accidents.
- Detail how to access help in a terrorist situation.

<u>HT 5.3:</u> Create response plans to cope with hazards and emergency situations applicable to the hospitality and tourism industries.

Sample Indicators:

- No Sample Indicators.
- 6. Describe career opportunities and means to attain those opportunities in each of the Hospitality &Tourism Career Pathways.

<u>HT 6.1:</u> Research career opportunities based upon their fit with personal career goals in the hospitality and tourism industries.

Sample Indicators:

- Locate and interpret career information for at least one career cluster.
- *Identify job requirements for career pathways.*
- *Identify educational and credentialing requirements for career cluster and pathways.*

<u>HT 6.2</u>: Match personal interests and aptitudes to careers in the hospitality and tourism industry when researching opportunities within the pathways.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify personal interests and aptitudes.*
- *Identify job requirements and characteristics of selected careers.*
- Compare personal interests and aptitudes with job requirements and characteristics of career selected.
- Modify career goals based on results of personal interests and aptitudes with career requirements and characteristics.

<u>HT 6.3:</u> Examine entry-level, skilled level and supervisory positions and the qualifications and skills needed for different levels of hospitality and tourism employment.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT 6.4:</u> Develop a career plan for advancement in hospitality and tourism careers.



• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT 6.5:</u> Identify ethical issues and concerns in the hospitality and tourism career field. *Sample Indicators:*

- List ethical liability issues that are specific to hospitality and tourism.
- Discuss solutions to various ethical issues and concerns.

Lodging Career Pathway (HT-LOD)

1. Use various communication technologies to accomplish work tasks in lodging facilities.

<u>HT-LOD 1:1:</u> Demonstrate the proper use of telecommunications equipment to manage calls. *Sample Indicators:*

- Describe the functions of a call accounting system.
- Describe the functions of automatic call dispensing and automatic call detection features.

<u>HT-LOD 1:2:</u> Utilize telephone and facsimile resources to optimize guest service. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Detail the types of incoming calls.*
- Outline procedures for processing messages for guests.
- Outline how faxes for guests are handled by lodging staff.
- Describe how wake-up calls are delivered through the telecommunication system.

<u>HT-LOD 1:3:</u> Evaluate current and emerging technological services to improve guest service. *Sample Indicators:*

- Explain how voice mail systems meet guest needs.
- Explain how internet services meet guest needs.
- Explain how TDD systems meet the needs of disabled guests.
- Explain how emerging technology for telecommunications services enhances the guest experience.

2. Explain the role and importance of housekeeping operations to lodging facility.

<u>HT-LOD 2.1:</u> Describe how the housekeeping department in hotel operations is organized and divides responsibilities.

Sample Indicators:

• Discuss the responsibilities of room cleaning, public areas, laundry and other areas of the housekeeping department.

<u>HT-LOD 2.2:</u> Create standards and procedures for effective housekeeping operations. *Sample Indicators:*



- Summarize how housekeeping standards are to be used to guide the daily tasks of housekeeping personnel.
- Identify the standards to be followed for guestroom cleaning and the public areas of the lodging facility.

<u>HT-LOD 2.3:</u> Identify the cleaning responsibilities of housekeeping for guestrooms, public areas, back-of-house and other facilities.

Sample Indicators:

• Demonstrate the cleaning process in each area.

<u>HT-LOD 2.4:</u> Explain the use of productivity standards to guide cleaning personnel in time-based housekeeping tasks.

Sample Indicators:

• Estimate time for cleaning each area of the lodging facility.

 $\underline{\text{HT-LOD 2.5:}}$ Explain the use of frequency schedules to maintain cleaning standards.

Sample Indicators:

• Describe how frequency schedules are determined for guestroom cleaning and for cleaning all other areas of the lodging facility.

HT-LOD 2.6: Describe the use of the room status report in the housekeeping department.

Sample Indicators:

• Describe the criteria used to assign guestrooms for cleaning.

HT-LOD 2.7: Conduct a physical inventory.

Sample Indicators:

- Distinguish between recycled and non-recycled inventories.
- Calculate the number of linens needed for full occupancy.
- Establish order points for non-recycled inventory based on minimum and maximum quantities.

3. Allocate staff positions to meet the needs of various lodging departments.

HT-LOD 3.1: Distinguish between fixed and variable staff positions.

Sample Indicators:

- *Define fixed labor as it applies to housekeeping.*
- Define variable labor as it applies to housekeeping.

<u>HT-LOD 3.2</u>: Set staffing schedules for fixed and variable staff based on required labor hours and occupancy levels to balance labor costs and occupancy.

Sample Indicators:

• Determine labor hours required for each level of occupancy.



- *Determine number of employees to schedule at each level of occupancy.*
- Calculate estimated labor expenses at each level of occupancy.
- Create work schedules for housekeeping staff.

4. Describe the role and responsibilities of lodging managers.

HT-LOD 4.1: Research the major duties and qualifications for managerial positions common to lodging back-of-the-house operations to guide career choices.

Sample Indicators:

- Examine the characteristics of chief engineers, food and beverage managers, controllers and information technology managers.
- Describe the characteristics of lodging supervisory positions and personnel.

<u>HT-LOD 4.2:</u> Research the major duties and qualifications for lodging managerial positions common to lodging front-of-the-house operations to guide career choices.

Sample Indicators:

- Examine the characteristics of general, catering, human resource, marketing, sales and resident managers to facilitate selection of career choices.
- Describe the major duties for each type of manager.

<u>HT-LOD 4.3:</u> Contrast entry-level, skilled level and managerial positions in the lodging industry to distinguish qualifications and characteristics needed for each type of position. *Sample Indicators:*

• No Sample Indicators.

5. Compare the advantages and disadvantages of independently owned and chain-affiliated lodging facilities.

<u>HT-LOD 5.1:</u> Examine an independently owned lodging facility to distinguish it from other types of lodging.

Sample Indicators:

- List three advantages of an independently owned facility.
- List three disadvantages to an independently owned lodging facility.
- Explain the use of referrals among independently owned facilities.

<u>HT-LOD 5.2:</u> Examine a chain-affiliated lodging facility to distinguish it from other types of lodging. *Sample Indicators:*

- *List three advantages of a chain-affiliated facility.*
- List three disadvantages of a chain-affiliated lodging facility.
- Explain the relationship of owners to management companies.



6. Analyze the departmental interrelationships of a lodging facility.

<u>HT-LOD 6.1</u>: Describe how the essential departments of a lodging operation work cooperatively to meet guest service standards.

Sample Indicators:

• Identify the essential departments of the lodging business and describe the functions/responsibilities/activities of each.

<u>HT-LOD 6.2:</u> Analyze the organization and structure of different types of lodging. *Sample Indicators:*

- Identify the general classifications of the lodging businesses and describe their distinctive features (i.e., airport, resort, bed and breakfast, conference, casino, etc.)
- Describe the role of hotel management contracts.

HT-LOD 6.3: Explain the lodging product.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify the components of the lodging product.*
- Describe the role services play in the lodging product.
- Explain the role physical facilities play in creating the lodging product.
- Describe the types of room accommodations.

7. Explain various check-in and check-out procedures used in the lodging industry.

<u>HT-LOD 7.1:</u> Describe the necessary information during the registration process to correctly register guests.

Sample Indicators:

- *Check for pre-registration information.*
- *Verify guest registration card is completed.*
- *Identify the length of stay.*
- *Identify the method of payment.*

HT-LOD 7.2: Explain how room rates are established and assigned.

Sample Indicators:

- Specify a standard rate.
- List special room rates.
- Describe rates that include meal plans, such as the American Plan, the Modified American Plan and the European Plan.
- Demonstrate an "upsell" to arriving guests.

<u>HT-LOD 7.3:</u> Explain how availability, room status and other operating guidelines affect the assignment of guestrooms.



Sample Indicators:

- *Determine when a room is available for sale.*
- Issue keys or electronic keycards to registering guests using standard guidelines.
- *Use property maps to direct guests to their room locations.*

<u>HT-LOD 7.4:</u> Explain how methods of payment are established with arriving guests to clarify payment procedures.

Sample Indicators:

- Describe common payment methods for arriving guests.
- Demonstrate procedure for accepting payment by check.
- Demonstrate procedure for accepting payment by credit card.
- Describe special payment methods.

<u>HT-LOD 7.5:</u> Explain how a property's computer system is used to create guest accounts. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify different types of accounts.*
- Identify types of charges that can be posted to accounts.
- Explain how account entries are made through front desk terminals and remote point-of-sale terminals.

<u>HT-LOD 7.6:</u> Explain the importance of check-out procedures, including verifying settlement of accounts, to ensure guest satisfaction.

Sample Indicators:

- Inquire about recent charges.
- Post outstanding charges to guest accounts.
- Verify account information.
- Check for mail, messages and faxes.
- Check for safe deposit or in-room safe keys
- Secure the room key or electronic keycard.

HT-LOD 7.7: Explain account settlement procedures for different types of payment.

- *Verify the method of payment established at registration.*
- Process account payments for guests using cash.
- Process account payments for guests using credit cards.
- Process account payments for guests using direct billing arrangements.
- Present the account for payment to the guest.
- *Update the room's status through the property's computer system.*
- Inquire about guest satisfaction to create a guest history record file.



8. Understand reservation procedures used in the lodging industry.

<u>HT-LOD 8.1:</u> Identify the different types of reservations used to meet different guest needs. *Sample Indicators:*

- Distinguish guaranteed from non-guaranteed reservations.
- Contrast reservations guaranteed by credit card with reservations guaranteed by travel agents or corporations.
- Contrast advanced deposits with prepaid reservations.

<u>HT-LOD 8.2:</u> Identify common sources used to make lodging reservations.

Sample Indicators:

- Distinguish a central reservation system from a global distribution system.
- *Identify ways guests place reservations directly with lodging properties.*
- Explain how guests make reservations online.

<u>HT-LOD 8.3:</u> Explain how a computer system is used to process or change reservations.

Sample Indicators:

- *Determine availability.*
- Create a reservation record.
- *Modify or cancel a reservation.*
- Generate reports from reservation data.

HT-LOD 8.4: Explain how forecasting is used to maximize occupancy levels.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify information needed to forecast availability.*
- Calculate a no-show percentage.
- Calculate a walk-in percentage.
- Calculate an overstay percentage.
- Calculate an understay percentage.
- *Create a ten-day forecast.*

9. Explain how room access policies and procedures ensure guest safety and minimize risks to the lodging facility.

HT-LOD 9.1: Explain the types and functions of keys to control levels of access.

Sample Indicators:

- List three types or levels of keys used for entry.
- Compare/contrast the use of each.

HT-LOD 9.2: Explain how key control measures are used to protect guests.



- Outline how access to all areas is controlled.
- Outline how locking systems protect guests.
- Outline procedures for issuing electronic keys.

10. Explain how room access policies and procedures ensure guest safety and minimize risks to the lodging facility.

<u>HT-LOD 10.1:</u> Describe the role of a cashier in facilitating cash control.

Sample Indicators:

- Demonstrate use of cash sheets to record cash collected.
- Demonstrate use of cash sheets to record cash paid out.
- Explain how cash banks are issued to cashiers.
- Describe how cashiers turn in cash banks and prepare cash deposits.
- Explain how cash banks and cashier cash deposits are reconciled.

11. Explain how guests and property are protected to minimize losses or liabilities in the lodging facility.

<u>HT-LOD 11.1:</u> Explain procedures for controlling access of safe deposit boxes to minimize losses *Sample Indicators:*

- Describe how access is given to safe deposit box.
- Describe how guest's identity is checked for access.
- Maintain the safe deposit log.

HT-LOD 11.2: Describe procedures for controlling lost and found items.

Sample Indicators:

- Identify the department responsible for securing lost and found items.
- *Maintain a log of lost and found items.*
- Store and secure lost and found items for required length of time.
- Follow property procedures for contacting guests about lost and found items.

HT-LOD 11.3: Identify access control procedures to enhance guest safety.

- Recognize and report suspicious situations.
- *Identify and report unauthorized and suspicious persons.*
- Monitor entrances, elevators and stairways.
- Ensure limited late-night access to lobby areas.
- Monitor perimeter and grounds.



12. Explain the basic legal issues in lodging management.

<u>HT-LOD 12.1:</u> Describe the rules regarding the rights and liabilities of innkeepers under the common law system.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-LOD 12.2:</u> Describe a property's duty to receive guests and the circumstances under which it can refuse to accommodate potential guests or evict guests. *Sample Indicators:*

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-LOD 12.3:</u> Explain how the American with Disabilities Act (ADA), Title III affects lodging establishments.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

Recreation, Amusements & Attractions Career Pathway (HT-REC)

1. Describe career opportunities in the Recreation, Amusements & Attractions Career Pathway.

<u>HT-REC 1.1:</u> Research various operating units in the pathway to distinguish the particular characteristics of each venue.

Sample Indicators:

- List recreational venues.
- List amusement venues.
- List attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 1.2:</u> Compare venues and the unique organizational structure of various operating units. *Sample Indicators:*

- Describe characteristics unique to each venue.
- Describe characteristics common to each venue.

<u>HT-REC 1.3:</u> Summarize unique career opportunities in recreation, amusements and attractions by gathering occupational information for each venue.

- *List recreation careers.*
- List amusement careers.
- List attraction careers.



2. Explain admission and traffic control procedures used to manage and control individuals, groups and vehicles in recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 2.1:</u> Utilize guidelines for access control to determine guest and group admission procedures. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify venues that use ticket admission and how those tickets are collected.*
- Identify venues that use membership and how the member is identified.
- Explain how groups are handled differently in each case.

<u>HT-REC 2.2:</u> Apply traffic control procedures to facilitate movement of people and vehicles. *Sample Indicators:*

- Plan for effective directions and parking of vehicles.
- Identify a situation where the number of guests would need to be controlled and list how this would be accomplished.

 $\underline{HT\text{-}REC\ 2.3:}\,$ Monitor traffic control issues to manage congestion.

Sample Indicators:

- No Sample Indicators.
- 3. Determine the maintenance and technology needs for various recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 3.1:</u> Evaluate maintenance issues to determine if special training of personnel is required. *Sample Indicators:*

- *List maintenance issues unique to recreation.*
- List maintenance issues unique to amusements.
- List maintenance issues unique to attractions.

<u>HT-REC 3.2:</u> Research ideas needed to develop programs and/or products unique to each venue. *Sample Indicators:*

- Explain the role history might play in developing programs/exhibits/events.
- Explain the role various animals have in exhibit development.
- Explain how a theme might determine the types of products/services/events available.
- 4. Describe safety and security issues unique to the Recreation, Amusements & Attractions Career Pathway.

<u>HT-REC 4.1:</u> Research guest safety and security issues unique to each venue to create safety guidelines.

Sample Indicators:

• List guest safety/security issues at recreation venues.



- List guest safety/security issues at amusement venues.
- List guest safety/security issues at attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 4.2:</u> Research employee safety and security issues unique to each venue to create safety guidelines.

Sample Indicators:

- List employee safety/security issues at recreation venues.
- List employee safety/security issues at amusement venues.
- List employee safety/security issues at attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 4.3:</u> Examine equipment safety, functionality and durability to protect guests and minimize replacement costs.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-REC 4.4:</u> Evaluate methods for equipment maintenance and repair to minimize down time. *Sample Indicators:*

- No Sample Indicators.
- 5. Compile a resource base to manage emergency situations in recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 5.1:</u> Formulate methods of resolution and/or alternatives to potential safety hazards. *Sample Indicators:*

- Create a proactive solution to address common safety hazards including lighting, sound, surface areas, political and social climate.
- Create a reactive solution to guests' exposure to a health hazard.
- Suggest ways to manage guests and groups facing safety hazards.
- Develop and role play mock emergency situations demonstrating caution and good judgment.

<u>HT-REC 5.2:</u> Identify sources of assistance to utilize in emergency situations for self, co-workers and customers/guests.

- Detail three resources for assistance with communication.
- Name the most common source for criminal assistance.
- Name a resource for assistance with environmental issues.
- List a source for assistance with legal issues.
- List two sources for assistance with medical or social services.



6. Identify safety and security issues for recreation, amusement and attraction venues that might require customer education.

<u>HT-REC 6.1:</u> Disseminate information to customers addressing potential safety hazards and security issues.

Sample Indicators:

- Collect safety and security information relevant to the venue.
- Display safety and security information and materials.
- Distribute safety and security information appropriately to customer/guest.
- 7. Compare different ticket sales options to maximize revenue for recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 7.1:</u> Research various methods of ticket pricing and sales to maximize sales. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify the factors necessary to consider when setting ticket prices.*
- *List various methods of selling tickets.*

<u>HT-REC 7.2:</u> Identify types and structure of admission ticket distribution channels. *Sample Indicators:*

- List ways to allocate tickets for sale.
- *List ways to distribute tickets for delivery.*
- 8. Describe the types of information and directions a guest would need at a recreation, amusement and attraction entry point.

<u>HT-REC 8.1:</u> Prepare introductory information about a facility to distribute to guests. *Sample Indicators:*

- *List all locations a guest would need to know.*
- Describe the guest use of each area.
- *Identify the schedule opening and closing for each area of the facility (days/seasons).*
- *Give a short history or background of the facility if relevant.*

<u>HT-REC 8.2:</u> Prepare maps and diagrams of a facility to distribute to the guests. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Describe how a guest would travel through the facility.*
- List critical locations such as restrooms, telephones, ATMs and first aid stations.

HT-REC 8.3: Identify information from non-public sources and locations needed to serve guests.



Sample Indicators:

- List information a guest might need that they may not have accessed.
- List non-public locations a customer service person would need as a resource.

<u>HT-REC 8.4:</u> Summarize the policies and procedures used to ensure guest safety. *Sample Indicators:*

- Describe policies about items such as backpacks, strollers, wheelchairs, packages, high heels, etc., that would minimize damage and safety in an attraction or amusement setting.
- Identify emergency evacuation routes.

9. Develop marketing strategies for recreation, amusement and attractions venues.

<u>HT-REC 9.1:</u> Describe the use of market segmentation to design marketing plans. *Sample Indicators:*

- List the groups or demographics of the groups to be targeted.
- Describe how this factor affects the marketing strategies.

<u>HT-REC 9.2:</u> Describe the impact of seasonality on the design of marketing plans. *Sample Indicators:*

- List the seasons that are most popular for each venue.
 - Give a scenario of a 'worst' season.

<u>HT-REC 9.3:</u> Describe the ways to incorporate a loyalty program into the marketing plan. *Sample Indicators:*

- List ways to entice the customer to return.
- *Give methods to convince customers to refer others to the facility.*

<u>HT-REC 9.4:</u> Describe collaboration with other entities to provide an inclusive product or service. *Sample Indicators:*

- Detail ways to set up a marketing partnership.
- Describe the process to create a tourism experience package with other businesses.

<u>HT-REC 9.5:</u> Identify a process to expose the public to a new product or service. *Sample Indicators:*

- *List methods to announce a new product to the public.*
- List ways to communicate a new product or service to current customers.



10. Analyze the merchandising, program and product potential for different recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 10.1:</u> Summarize merchandising and retail outlet opportunities to predict types of available products.

Sample Indicators:

- Describe retail opportunities possible at each venue.
- List types of merchandise that may be available at each venue.

<u>HT-REC 10.2:</u> Research ideas needed to develop programs and/or products unique to each venue. *Sample Indicators:*

- Explain the role history might play in developing programs/exhibits/events.
- Explain the role various animals have in exhibit development.
- Explain how a theme might determine the types of products/services/events available.

11. Compare and contrast various types of recreation, amusement and attraction venues.

<u>HT-REC 11.1:</u> Compare various operating methods of a recreational facility to distinguish characteristics of recreation.

Sample Indicators:

- List three ways to organize a business to provide recreational options for guests.
- *Describe the benefits and disadvantages of each method.*
- Name various types of recreation facilities.

HT-REC 11.2: Describe operational methods used at a recreational venue.

Sample Indicators:

- List three ways to organize a museum.
- Detail the benefits and disadvantages of each method.
- Name various types of museums.

HT-REC 11.3: Describe operational methods used at an attraction venue.

Sample Indicators:

- Name two business methods for operating historic attractions.
- List three methods for operating an amusement attraction.
- List three business methods for operating an educational attraction.
- Describe the benefits and disadvantages of each method.

HT-REC 11.4: Describe operational methods used at an amusement venue.

- Detail characteristics unique to the gaming venue.
- Describe the organizational requirements for operating a casino.



• *List the benefits and disadvantages such management would encounter.*

<u>HT-REC 11.5</u>: Evaluate the 'Design Day Specifications' to best utilize a facility. *Sample Indicators*:

- *List the factors that influence the capacity of the facility.*
- Name the factors that influence the attendance of your customers.
- Cite the methods of adjusting the design of a facility to accommodate the normal day, a slow day and a super busy day.

Restaurants and Food/Beverage Services Career Pathway (HT-RFB)

1. Describe ethical and legal responsibilities in food and beverage service facilities.

<u>HT-RFB 1.1:</u> Utilize comments and suggestions from the customer service area to formulate improvements and ensure guest satisfaction.

Sample Indicators:

- Detail ways to achieve a high rate of positive comments.
- *Get regular feedback from guests and staff.*

<u>HT-RFB 1.2:</u> Comply with laws regarding hiring, harassment and safety issues.

Sample Indicators:

- Demonstrate understanding of legal interviewing processes.
- Outline how harassment and stereotyping can create an unhealthy work environment.
- Define legal and ethical responsibilities for safety procedures.
- *Interpret worker's compensation requirements and forms.*

<u>HT-RFB 1.3:</u> Apply ethical and legal guidelines as they relate to restaurants and food and beverage services job performance.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify ethical and legal situations that occur in the workplace.*
- Relate appropriate response to legal/ethical infractions in the workplace.

<u>HT-RFB 1.4:</u> Identify ethical issues and model ethical behavior in the workplace. *Sample Indicators:*

- Integrate guideline for ethical treatment in the workplace.
- Discuss how ethical issues and concerns affect a career field.
- 2. Demonstrate safety and sanitation procedures in food and beverage service facilities.

<u>HT-RFB 2.1:</u> Identify sanitation procedures to ensure facility is in compliance with health codes. *Sample Indicators:*



- *Outline compliance requirements of sanitation and health inspections.*
- Show exemplary appearance and hygiene.
- *Illustrate correct use of knives and kitchen equipment.*
- *Use protective gloves and clothing.*
- Demonstrate correct food handling and production techniques.

HT-RFB 2.2: Identify overall safety procedures necessary to maintain a safe work area.

Sample Indicators:

- Practice appropriate safety and health procedures.
- Apply hazardous material practices and procedures for the handling and disposing of chemicals.

HT-RFB 2.3: Demonstrate emergency and first-aid knowledge and procedures applicable to the workplace.

Sample Indicators:

- No Sample Indicators.
- 3. Use information from cultural and geographical studies to guide customer service decisions in food and beverage service facilities.

<u>HT-RFB 3.1:</u> Utilize facts and statistics retrieved from ethnic and geographical studies in a service environment.

Sample Indicators:

- Identify ethnicities and their dining habits and rules.
- *Identify countries and their native food resources.*
- 4. Demonstrate leadership qualities and collaboration with others.

HT-RFB 4.1: Model leadership and teamwork qualities to aid in employee retention.

Sample Indicators:

• Detail ways to minimize staff turnover.

<u>HT-RFB 4.2:</u> Formulate staff development plans to create an effective working team.

Sample Indicators:

- Conduct thorough orientation for new staff.
- Detail elements involved in new orientation.
- Conduct regular training and coaching of staff.
- Explain human relations policies and procedures.

<u>HT-RFB 4.3:</u> Make staffing decisions based on proven managerial skills to improve staff performance. *Sample Indicators:*



- Conduct regular reviews of staff.
- Utilize leadership skills to create motivation for change.

<u>HT-RFB 4.4:</u> Establish and maintain effective working relationships with all levels of personnel and other departments to provide effective services to guests.

Sample Indicators:

- Use people skills to build effective working relationships.
- Learn conflict management skills to facilitate solutions.
- 5. Research costs, pricing, market demands and marketing strategies to manage profitability in food and beverage service facilities.

<u>HT-RFB 5.1:</u> Interpret calculations of food, labor and pricing to ensure profitability. *Sample Indicators:*

- Calculate food cost and determine ways to meet goals.
- Calculate labor cost and determine ways to meet goals.
- Determine the values of inventory or stock.
- Determine menu pricing.
- Define portion control.

<u>HT-RFB 5.2:</u> Compare alternative ways of marketing to develop a promotional package.

Sample Indicators:

- Develop promotional materials.
 - Create methods to market materials.

<u>HT-RFB 5.3:</u> Anticipate future needs using information about current trends that contribute to effectively price and market food and beverage offerings.

Sample Indicators:

- Demonstrate awareness of operational needs.
- *Demonstrate awareness of capabilities and limitations of the operation.*

<u>HT-RFB 5.4:</u> Discuss sustainable practices and how it impacts profitability and customer demands (i.e. locally grown products, organics, recycled or recyclable products). *Sample Indicators:*

- No Sample Indicators
- 6. Explain the benefits of the use of computerized systems to manage food service operations and guest service.

<u>HT-RFB 6.1:</u> Identify potential uses of computers and software to provide guest and food services. *Sample Indicators:*



- Demonstrate use of point of sale (POS) systems.
- Demonstrate basic computer applications.
- Demonstrate use of computer programs used for food production.

7. Utilize technical resources for food services and beverage operations to update or enhance present practice.

HT-RFB 7.1: Use software applications to manage food service operations.

Sample Indicators:

- Demonstrate the use of software programs for human resource management.
- Demonstrate the use of software programs for inventory control, point of sale, profit loss, etc.

<u>HT-RFB 7.2:</u> Retrieve website information to use in menu planning, recipes and for product information.

Sample Indicators:

- Access relevant websites.
- Download recipes.
- Bookmark websites.

8. Implement standard operating procedures related to food and beverage production and guest service.

HT-RFB 8.1: Implement operating procedures to comply with company requirements.

Sample Indicators:

- Detail operating procedures for food quality.
- Detail operating procedures for food presentation.
- Describe customer service table standards.

HT-RFB 8.2: Evaluate prepared foods for quality and presentation to meet quality standards.

Sample Indicators:

- Show consistent appearance in prepared foods.
- Detail ways to monitor quality of prepared food.

HT-RFB 8.3: Prepare nutritional, quality foods utilizing basic food knowledge.

- Explain the use of a variety of sauces.
- Choose appropriate cooking procedures (sauté, broil, bake, etc.).
- Employ knowledge of nutritional values.
- Exhibit high quality food presentation.



<u>HT-RFB 8.4:</u> Determine the appropriate type of food service to provide quality customer service. *Sample Indicators:*

- Detail characteristics of French, Russian, Bistro style and other forms of service.
- *Identify types of dining utensils and proper uses.*
- Show proper set up procedures for dining room/counter.
- Explain menu items.
- Detail the process of upselling and other forms of marketing at tableside.

<u>HT-RFB 8.5:</u> Evaluate types of kitchen equipment to match the correct cooking methodology. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Use pots and pans for different food preparations.*
- Explain how to store and retrieve foods in a variety of settings (cold, hot, dry, etc.).

<u>HT-RFB 8.6:</u> Describe the role of the menu as a marketing and planning tool. *Sample Indicators:*

- Explain the importance of the menu.
- Detail the menu's role in communicating an image.

9. Describe career opportunities and qualifications in the restaurant and food service industry.

<u>HT-RFB 9.1:</u> Identify steps needed to obtain a job in the restaurant and food service industry. *Sample Indicators:*

- Outline a plan for an effective job search.
- Write a resume that lists skills and competencies.
- Role play a job interview.
- Explain follow-up steps for a job interview.

<u>HT-RFB 9.2:</u> Identify behaviors and personal habits needed to retain a job in the restaurant and food service industry.

Sample Indicators:

- Develop a list of workplace rules and regulations.
- Identify and give examples of positive work attitudes.
- *Make a list of qualities of successful food service employees.*

<u>HT-RFB 9.3:</u> Examine career opportunities available in restaurants and food service operations.' *Sample Indicators:*

- *List the qualifications for various careers in the food service industry.*
- Describe major duties/tasks for each job option.
- Identify careers related to family and consumer sciences in the field of culinary arts.



<u>HT-RFB 9.4:</u> Differentiate career opportunities in restaurant and food service operations in the various industry sectors (e.g., independent vs. chain operations).

Sample Indicators:

- *List various types of food service operations.*
- List advantages/disadvantages of different sectors.
- 10. Apply listening, reading, writing and speaking skills to enhance operations and customer service in food and beverage service facilities.

HT-RFB 10.1: Interpret and use tables, charts and figures.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-RFB 10.2:</u> Understand verbal and nonverbal communications to provide a positive experience for guest.

Sample Indicators:

- Recognize and respond to guests' needs and nonverbal cues.
- Interpret verbal and nonverbal behaviors to enhance communications with coworkers and customers/guests.
- Listen and understand others.

<u>HT-RFB 10.3:</u> Manage unexpected situations to ensure continuity of quality services. *Sample Indicators:*

- Identify the problem and possible solutions and decide on a course of action to resolve unexpected situations.
- Provide feedback to management in order to enhance operations.

<u>HT-RFB 10.4:</u> Use basic academic skills to perform effectively in the workplace. *Sample Indicators:*

- Read and comprehend recipes, operational manuals, inventory control sheets, menus, correspondence, training manuals, etc.
- Create inventory control sheets, recipes, menus, correspondence, employee evaluations, etc.
- Calculate menu and recipe costs.

Travel & Tourism Career Pathway (HT-TT)

1. Apply information about time zones, seasons and domestic and international maps to create or enhance travel.

<u>HT-TT 1.1:</u> Disseminate travel related information from a variety of domestic and international sources.



Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-TT 1.2:</u> Show competence in incorporating or applying multiple time zones, climate and seasons to create travel products.

Sample Indicators:

- *Identify and explain the differences in time zones.*
- Identify and explain site variables that affect the tourism product such as climate, time zones, wind, etc.
- Explain the International Date Line and interpret the differences in the zones.
- Detail the weather contrast for Sydney, Australia, versus that of London, England, in the month of June.

<u>HT-TT 1.3:</u> Gather information from a variety of domestic and international sources using tools such as the Internet and maps.

Sample Indicators:

- Write detailed directions for travel in a variety of domestic locations.
- Write detailed directions for travel in a variety of international locations.
- Explain or identify road and travel destinations marked on a map.
- 2. Apply unit and time conversion skills to develop travel schedules and compute cost, distance and time (including travel time) factors.

<u>HT-TT 2.1:</u> Utilize unit conversion skills to provide travel distance and economic information about other countries.

Sample Indicators:

- Compute and contrast metric versus American systems of measure.
- Distinguish currency designations.
- Compute currency conversions between dollars and other currencies.
- Compute currency conversions between currencies of other nations.

<u>HT-TT 2.2:</u> Interpret World Time Zones to provide travel information about other countries.

Sample Indicators:

- Compare time in North America to time in Australia.
- Compare time in South America to time in Europe.
- Explain the 24-hour clock.
- 3. Analyze cultural diversity factors to enhance travel planning.

<u>HT-TT 3.1:</u> Compare idioms from various areas or regions to appreciate the nuances of language. *Sample Indicators:*



- Identify eight unique regional USA terms (slang) related to the travel and tourism product and experience.
- Examine 20 travel-related words used by other English-speaking countries for difference in pronunciation, spelling and meaning.

<u>HT-TT 3.2:</u> Summarize the significance of body language and personal space in different cultures. *Sample Indicators:*

- Identify at least three common hand gestures and body language positions unacceptable in another culture.
- Show the personal space preferred during conversations by cultures such as Asians, Middle Easterners, Latin Americans and North Americans.

<u>HT-TT 3.3:</u> Research behaviors and dress in other areas, regions and countries to appreciate lifestyle preferences.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-TT 3.4:</u> Research cultural expectations of other areas, regions and countries to help avoid social improprieties.

Sample Indicators:

- Identify cultures where eye contact is not accepted.
- *Identify cultures where you should not pat on a child on the head.*
- Identify cultures where you cannot offer food with your left hand.
- *Identify cultures where you should not show the bottom of your feet.*
- 4. Assess the potential (real and perceived) hazards related to multiple environments and recommend appropriate safety, health and security measures for travelers.

<u>HT-TT 4.1:</u> Recognize potential, real and perceived natural, social, or terrorism emergency situations in order to respond appropriately.

Sample Indicators:

- Review a film, photo, or recording to identify and describe an emergency situation.
- *Observe guests and surroundings to identify potentially dangerous situations.*

<u>HT-TT 4.2:</u> List safety, health and security issues for individuals and groups traveling to multiple environments to minimize risks.

- Check surface area for safety.
- Gauge political and social climate of a region.
- Check possible natural environment hazards.
- Check for possible health hazards.



5. Develop a safety and security plan containing proactive and reactive solutions to manage emergency situations for travelers and staff.

<u>HT-TT 5.1:</u> Formulate methods of resolution and/or alternatives to eliminate potential safety hazards. *Sample Indicators:*

- Create a proactive solution to address common safety hazards including lighting, sound, surface areas and political and social climate.
- Create a reactive solution to guest exposure to a health hazard.
- *Prepare alternate methods of reaching travel or experience objective(s).*
- Suggest ways to manage guests and groups facing safety hazards.
- Develop and role play mock emergency situations demonstrating caution and good judgment.

<u>HT-TT 5.2:</u> Identify sources of assistance to utilize in emergency situations for self, co-workers and customers/guests.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-TT 5.3:</u> Develop procedures to educate customers about identified safety and security issues. *Sample Indicators:*

- Distribute safety and security information to customers, guests and co-workers, relevant to their travel destination.
- 6. Use common travel and tourism terminology used to communicate within the industry.

<u>HT-TT 6.1:</u> Define acronyms and abbreviations used in travel and tourism activities to enhance guest/customer services.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.

<u>HT-TT 6.2:</u> Utilize travel and tourism terms appropriately to guide customizing services for guests. *Sample Indicators:*

- Explain differences between meal plan options.
- Distinguish differences between tour guides and escorts and group leaders.
- Explain differences between FIT and group travel.
- Summarize room night, inside cabin, berth, vacation, itinerary, day trip, etc. in different segments (cruises, tour planning, meeting planner and others).

HT-TT 6.3: Describe the resources used by travel agents.

Sample Indicators:

• No Sample Indicators.



7. Customize travel with diverse transportation, lodging, cruise and food options.

<u>HT-TT 7.1:</u> Compare and contrast diverse transportation options to increase customer choices. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify methods of travel.*
- Interpret the advantages of each type of facility.
- Interpret the disadvantages of each type of facility.

<u>HT-TT 7.2:</u> Compare and contrast diverse lodging options to increase customer choice. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify five types of lodging facilities.*
- Detail the advantages of each type of facility.
- Detail the disadvantages of each type of facility.

<u>HT-TT 7.3:</u> Examine elements of a dining experience expected to satisfy guests at varied facilities such as a boardwalk vendor, cruise ship, chain restaurant and five-star dining facility. *Sample Indicators:*

- Detail characteristics of expected food service quality.
- Detail characteristics of expected atmosphere.
- Detail characteristics of expected cuisine.
- Detail characteristics of expected speed of service.

<u>HT-TT 7.4:</u> Integrate various and diverse elements of the travel and tourism industry to create a personalized travel experience for a customer.

Sample Indicators:

- Create a suggested itinerary for a customer.
- Create a travel package including meals for a customer.
- Plan a group tour including research, itinerary planning, costing, operations, escorting and satisfaction survey.
- 8. Compare and contrast services and products from related industries to understand and evaluate how they impact the delivery of travel and tourism products and services to customers.

<u>HT-TT 8.1:</u> Describe the role of the service provider to ensure customer satisfaction. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Outline the responsibilities for the service provider.*
- Outline the service provider's role in teaming with other vendors or suppliers.
- *Outline methods of trouble-shooting issues for a dissatisfied customer.*



<u>HT-TT 8.2:</u> Collaborate with related industries to provide an inclusive product to the customer. *Sample Indicators:*

- Cite an example of seamless service in cooperation with another industry such as agriculture, religion, or transportation to create the guest experience.
- Identify and integrate the different vendors, suppliers and properties to create the guest experience.

9. Identify the community elements necessary to maintain cooperative tourism development efforts.

<u>HT-TT 9.1:</u> Identify local and regional tourism activities that involve more than one business or organization to develop a resource base.

Sample Indicators:

- Name one historical site whose support and development is dependent on more than one business or organization.
- Name an area event that depends on tourism.

<u>HT-TT 9.2:</u> Identify the primary resources or core competencies of tourism-related organizations or businesses to best utilize available resources.

Sample Indicators:

- *Name an organization whose strength is in its manpower.*
- Name an entity whose strongest resource is financial.
- Name a business whose key competence is knowledge or connections.

<u>HT-TT 9.3:</u> Identify local and regional tourism issues to determine the impact of each issue on related businesses/organizations.

Sample Indicators:

- Name one tourism development issue that currently or in the past has experienced political strife.
- Name a transportation or infrastructure issue related to tourism and list business or organizations that would be affected by it.
- Discuss the difference between tourism for economic benefit versus tourism for community sustainability.

10. Develop a travel product that matches customer needs, wants and expectations.

<u>HT-TT 10.1:</u> Research and summarize discretionary factors that influence travel decisions. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify economic factors influencing travel decisions.*
- *Identify social factors influencing travel decision.*
- Identify health and safety factors influencing travel decisions.



• *Identify physical and mental factors influencing travel decisions.*

<u>HT-TT 10.2:</u> Identify customer preferences and limitations to create the best package for the vendor and the customer.

Sample Indicators:

- Plan a cost-effective trip or itinerary to meet customer needs.
- Identify an opportunity to sell up to greater experiences for the guest and or revenue for the vendor.

11. Develop a travel product that matches customer needs, wants and expectations.

<u>HT-TT 11.1:</u> Create promotional messages that appeal to various market sub-sector members. *Sample Indicators:*

- Name sub-sector determinants related to demographics and psychographics.
- Design an experience with one tourism asset for each of the sub-sectors.

<u>HT-TT 11.2:</u> Modify products for your audience using key information elements. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Create a short guided tour of a tourism site for a set of visitors.*
- Plan a trip itinerary of at least two days.

12. Select the most effective communication technique and media venue to convey travel marketing information to a target audience.

<u>HT-TT 12.1:</u> Communicate details and points of attraction with enthusiasm. *Sample Indicators:*

- Lead an exciting tour.
- *Make a motivating presentation.*
- Host a tourism site to inspire a favorable reaction to the travel and tourism product(s) and service(s).
- Write a compelling paragraph promoting a tourism product.

<u>HT-TT 12.2:</u> Utilize alternate media venues to promote the product or service to the customer/guest. *Sample Indicators:*

- Identify the benefits of broadcast, print, electronic and outdoor media to communicate messages to current and prospective customers.
- Contrast the advantages of broadcast, print, electronic and outdoor media to communicate messages to current or prospective customers.



<u>HT-TT 12.3:</u> Utilize alternate communication services to assist customers with specialized needs. *Sample Indicators:*

- *Identify a resource to help communicate with disabled travelers.*
- Identify a resource to help communicate with non-English speaking guests.

<u>HT-TT 12.4:</u> Utilize phrasing and other methods for communication that dispel misunderstandings and diffuse difficult situations.

- *Make a request of a guest without confrontation.*
- *Give directions to a frenzied, stressed, upset guest without insult or conflict.*



